

D. Identify technical and financial assistance needed to implement plan

“An estimate of the amounts of technical and financial assistance needed, associated costs, and/or the sources and authorities that will be relied upon, to implement this plan. As sources of funding, States should consider the use of their Section 319 programs, State Revolving Funds, USDA's Environmental Quality Incentives Program and Conservation Reserve Program, and other relevant Federal, State, local and private funds that may be available to assist in implementing this plan.”

Funding opportunities for local governments, non-profits, and individuals may include, but are not limited to: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), GA-EPD, U.S. Department of Agriculture – Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Programs (USFWS), and GA Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA). Funding sources and opportunities change on a yearly basis.

See Table 5: Implementation Schedule in F. Develop a project schedule.

E. Develop an information/education component

“An information/education component that will be used to enhance public understanding of the project and encourage their early and continued participation in selecting, designing, and implementing the NPS management measures that will be implemented.”

1. Publish results as part of the WWALS Weekly Water Quality Report
2. Publish one-sheet rack cards with high-level summaries and QR Code leading to more
3. Hold at least one annual online-by-zoom WWALS Webinar on the results
4. Hold an in-person seminar at VSU on the subject
5. Present at relevant bodies, such as Alapaha Soil and Water Conservation District, Suwanee-Satilla Water Planning Council, Seven Rivers RC&D, county commissions, city councils, Comprehensive Plan update meetings, fairs, field days, festivals, and other events.

For specific audiences, see Table 3 above.