

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds Sep 1 to Jul 31
Brown-headed Nuthatch Sitta pusilla This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA	Breeds Mar 1 to Jul 15
Chimney Swift Chaetura pelagica This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 25
Lesser Yellowlegs Tringa flavipes This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://cos.tivs.gov/ccp/species/8679	Breeds elsewhere
Prothonotary Warbler Protonotaria citrea This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31
Red-headed Woodpecker Melanerpes erythrocephalus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 10 to Sep 10
Swallow-tailed Kite Elanoides forficatus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fvs.gov/ecp/species/8938	Breeds Mar 10 to Jun 30
Probability Of Presence Summary The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern an present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedu activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read an FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before us to interpret this report.	le your project d understand the
Probability of Presence (III)	
Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10k project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The su	12 4-week

MAP IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 9.8-10 (C)(3) OF





HABITAT MITIGATION PLAN

SHEET NAME:

t the site and predominantly consisted of a dense canopy and dense understory nant vegetative species occurring in the palustrine forested wetland habitat ple (Acer rubrum), sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua), water oak (Quercus tbay (Maqnolia) virginiana). Common understory species consisted of red maple.
a borbonia), sweet bay, loblolly bay (Gordonia lasianthu), Chinese privet
se), muscadine vine (Vitis rotundifolia), trumpet creeper vine (Campsis radicans),
shrubs (Rubus argutus). Groundcover generally consists of wood oats
laxum), cinnamon fern (Osmundastrum cinnamomeum), black stem fern
osum), and netted chain fern (Woodwardia aerolata).
twoods
pine flatwoods wetlands are located throughout the site in scattered pockets. dominated by slash pine (<i>Pinus elliotti</i>) with limited understory and groundcover.
ood areas were observed with significant wetland conditions due to surface flow
harging stormwater into these areas.
ES HARITAT ASSESSMENT

domina ood are	atwoods we ited by slast as were ob:	tlands are located throughout the site in scattu a pine (<i>Pinus elliotti</i>) with limited understory and served with significant wetland conditions due to into these areas.	groundcover.
ES HA		SSESSMENT	
List and the signature of the signature	nd Georgia ite. The site provided reg noted that cause goph The gopher	f each federally and state listed species located Department of Natural Resources Division in was surveyed for each of the species and il arding results of the onsite survey with regard I atthough the gopher tortoise is no longer listed of ter tortoise burrows were found on site and this tortoise is listed as threatened by GADNR and Species Habitat Assessment	Rare Natural is recognized to habitat and on the IPaC, it is species is a
entific ame	Status ¹	Habitat	Finding
ria cana	FT; SE	Found in marshes, swamps, lagoons, ponds, and flooded fields, depressions in marshes and brackish waters. The wood stork nests in the upper parts of cypress trees, mangroves, or dead hardwoods over	NO HABITAT

PINEGATE RENEWABLES

130 ROBERTS STREE ASHEVILLE, NC 28801

LEGEND PROJECT BOUNDARY GIS PARCEL LINES ELECTRICAL (OVERHEAD)

8 FT WILDLIFE-PERMEABLE FENCING

VEGETATIVE/VISUAL BUFFER

T&E SPECIES HABITAT

----- OHE------

ĽО 0 Z ΟH R R CO R MATION THEREIN IS RENEWABLES, LLC'S INFORI GATE THE EE(S) AND WITHOUT ADDRESSF ₩ **2** $-\tau$ 24 F E INTENDED SOLELY FO INFORMATION TO ANY AR ITENTS IDENTI CON 00 OSEI HE ENCLOSE