Bradford County and any and all participating jurisdictions will continue to participate in the NFIP. The following actions have been identified, analyzed, and prioritized as necessary steps to remain in compliance with the program:

- Continue to enforce the most current Florida Building Code, Land Development Regulations, and Comprehensive Plan;
- The County will continue to enforce their adopted Floodplain Management requirements from the Land Development Regulations, Article 8, which include regulating all new development and substantial improvements in Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHA);
- Provide current Special Flood Hazard Area Maps for analysis and review which are located at the Building, Zoning & Planning Department;
- Continue outreach programs to the public with special emphasis for the properties lying in the repetitive flood areas;
- Continue to provide up-to-date the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) information to all interested parties (this information is available on the SRWMD website);
- Continue to monitor all elevation certificates and maintain records and copies for anyone to review;
- Continue to assist local insurance agents with obtaining correct FIRM's and flood insurance rates;
- Continue to participate in all hazard mitigation efforts to include working with Bradford County's Bradford County Sheriff's Office Emergency Management Division to maintain and monitor hazard data for future planning;
- Submit all information to FEMA necessary to keep current FIRM's as accurate as possible; and
- Participate whenever possible in any future flood studies.

Repetitive Loss (RL)

As defined by FEMA, "a Repetitive Loss (RL) property is any insurable building for which two or more claims of more than \$1,000 were paid by the NFIP within any rolling tenyear period since 1978. The property may or may not be currently insured by the NFIP. Structures that flood frequently strain the National Flood Insurance Fund and these properties are the biggest draw on the Fund."

With the increase in NFIP's annual losses and the need for borrowing, the repetitive loss properties drain funds needed to prepare for catastrophic events. Community leaders and the county residents are also concerned with these properties because their lives are disrupted and may be threatened by the continual flooding. The primary objective of the RL properties strategy