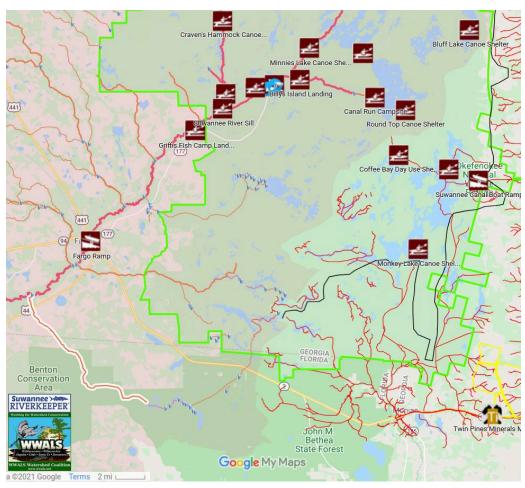
of the swamp. The swamp is too large and disconnected for the mine to affect swamp areas draining to the Suwannee River."

• Since we do not know where that divide is, and it may move, how can this recommendation by Dr. Jackson be supported, especially considering Cypress Creek and Little Swannee Creek drain the southwest region of the Okefenokee Swamp into the Suwannee River?



Little Swannee Creek highlighted drawing from the southwest of the Okefenokee Swamp and running into the Suwannee River, with Cypress Creek exiting the Swamp to the west, entering the Suwannee downstream from Fargo. The black line indicates one possibility for the divide between the Suwannee and St. Marys River basins in the Okefenokee Swamp.

Dr. Zeng on his page 9, "Hydrologic Impact to the Southeast Compartment of the Okefenokee Swamp":

"Following suggestions by Dr. Jackson, EPD conducted an additional technical analysis on hydrologic impact on the southeastern compartment of the Okefenokee Swamp, as if it is disconnected from the rest of the swamp during drought times. See Figure 1 for the location of the southeastern compartment of the Okefenokee Swamp relative to the rest of it. With this approach, we would need to assume that (a) the mining pit is hydraulically connected to the southeastern compartment of the swamp and that compartment is not connected to the rest of the swamp, and (b) the rest of the