PART E: LAND APPLICATION OF SEWAGE SLUDGE Not Applicable			
3.	. Pathogen and Vector Attraction Reduction		
a.	Which class of pathogen reduction is achieved for the sewage sludge?		
		Class A	
		Class B	
		Neither or unknown	
b.		d on your answer to Part 3.a. above, which pathogen reduction option is met for ge sludge at your facility? Class A – Alternative 1 Thermally Treated Sewage Sludge Class A – Alternative 2 Sewage Sludge Treated in a High pH-High Temperature Process (Alkaline Treatment) Class A – Alternative 3 Sewage Sludge Treated in Other Processes Class A – Alternative 4 Sewage Sludge Treated in Other Processes Class A – Alternative 5 Use of PFRP Class A – Alternative 6 Use of Process Equivalent to PFRP Class B – Alternative 1 Monitoring of Fecal Coliform Class B – Alternative 2 Use of a Process Equivalent to PFRP Class B – Alternative 3 Use of Processes Equivalent to PSRP	
c.	Whi	ch vector attraction reduction option is met for the sewage sludge at your facility?	
		Option 1 – Minimum 38 percent reduction in volatile solids	
		Option 2 – Anaerobic process, with bench-scale demonstration	
		Option 3 – Aerobic process, with bench-scale demonstration	
		Option 4 – Specific oxygen uptake rate for aerobically digested sludge	
		Option 5 – Aerobic processes plus raised temperature	
		Option 6 – Raise pH to 12 and retain at 11.5	
		Option $7-75$ percent solids with no unstabilized solids	
		Option 8 – 90 percent solids with unstabilized solids	
		None/Unknown	